

UNITED STATES
URITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C., 20549

Washington, D.C. 20549 ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT

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FORM X-17A-5

PART III

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

	·			
A.	REGISTRANT IDENTIFICAT	ION		- ·
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Mo				CIAL USE OF
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF	BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box N	o.) /	F	IRM I.D. NO.
102 West Street Ro	oad	<u> </u>		PR
	(No. and Street)			• • •
Feasterville _	PA		1905	53 to M
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)	7
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER (OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGA	RD TO THIS	REPORT	/
Edgar D. Mock, I	I I			<u> 322-7670</u>
			(Area Code	– Telephone Nu
	ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICAT			
B. A INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTAGE Parente Randolph,	NT whose opinion is contained in this	Report*		
NDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTA	NT whose opinion is contained in this LLC (Name - if individual, state last, first, m.	Report*	ey, PA	18034
NDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTA	NT whose opinion is contained in this LLC (Name - if individual, state last, first, m.	Report*	<u> </u>	(Zin Code)
Parente Randolph, 3701 Corporate Par (Address)	NT whose opinion is contained in this LLC (Name - if individual, state last, first, m.	Report* Iddle name) ter Vall		(Zip Code)
Parente Randolph, 3701 Corporate Par	NT whose opinion is contained in this LLC (Name - if individual, state last, first, m. kway, Suite 210 Cen (City)	Report* Iddle name) ter Vall	○ 0E6 Mall Proce Sectio	(Zip Code) essing en
NDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTAGE Parente Randolph, 3701 Corporate Par (Address) CHECK ONE:	NT whose opinion is contained in this LLC (Name - if individual, state last, first, m. kway, Suite 210 Cen (City)	Report* Iddle name) ter Vall	OE6 Mail Proce	(Zip Code) essing en
Parente Randolph, 3701 Corporate Par (Address) CHECK ONE: Certified Public Accountant	NT whose opinion is contained in this LLC (Name - if individual, state last, first, m. kway, Suite 210 Cen (City)	Report* iddle name) ter Vall (State	○ 0E6 Mall Proce Sectio	(Zip Code) essing on ?////A n, DC



^{*}Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I,Edgar D. Mock, III	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statem Money Management Advisory, I	
	07, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal of	ficer or director has any proprietary interest in any account
classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:	
Notarial Seal Susan Leomporra, Notary Public Lower Southampton Twp., Bucks County My Commission Expires Nov. 8, 2011	Signature
2 /2 8 / 8 Member, Pennsylvania Association of Notaries	<u>(WD</u> .
2/00/00	Title
Tunn (Xemmilla)	
Notary Public	
This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):	
(a) Facing Page.	
(b) Statement of Financial Condition.	
(c) Statement of XICONON OPERATIONS (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition X Case	
(d) Statement of Knankes xik in xan xi	Sh Ilows
(f) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity of Fair	
(g) Computation of Net Capital.	rialitis of Circuitors.
(h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirem	ents Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3
(i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Re-	puirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
	the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the
Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requi	rements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
(k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited 5	Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
consolidation.	·
(1) An Oath or Affirmation.	
(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.	
(n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to	exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED **DECEMBER 31, 2007**

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT Washington, DC & 100

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

INTERNAL CONTROL REPORT

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PARENTE RANDOLPH

The Power of Ideas

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Stockholders of Money Management Advisory, Inc.:

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Money Management Advisory, Inc. (the "Company") as of December 31, 2007, and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholders' equity and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Money Management Advisory, Inc. as of December 31, 2007, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The additional information, as listed in the accompanying table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Center Valley, Pennsylvania

Parente Kandolph, LLC

February 25, 2008

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION DECEMBER 31, 2007

<u>ASSETS</u>	
CASH	\$ 28,258
COMMISSIONS RECEIVABLE	72,439
OTHER RECEIVABLES	6,139
PREPAID EXPENSES	13,686
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET	8,925
TOTAL	\$129,447
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	
COMMISSIONS PAYABLE	\$ 34,051
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE	15,041
OTHER LIABILITIES	10,918
Total liabilities	60,010
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	69,437
TOTAL	\$129,447

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

REVENUES:	
Commissions	\$780,124
Other income	35,000
Gain on sale of property and equipment	1,000
Total revenues	816,124
EXPENSES:	
Commissions	389,022
Salaries - office	97,283
Insurance	48,559
Rent	48,000
Legal and accounting	26,539
Computer	20,211
Advertising	17,692
Utilities	16,628
Telephone	13,131
Maintenance and repairs	12,079
Education	12,046
Office	11,607
Postage	10,156
Equipment rental	8,945
Taxes - payroll	8,546
Auto	8,202
Licenses and fees	7,169
Travel and entertainment	6,937
Taxes - other	6,791
Printing Dues and supportations	6,142 4,844
Dues and supscriptions Depreciation	4,044 4,071
Bank charges	873
Professional fees	44
Total expenses	785,517
NET INCOME	\$ 30,607

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

	COMMON	STOCK	·	
	SHARES (a)	AMOUNT	RETAINED EARNINGS	TOTAL
BALANCES, DECEMBER 31, 2006	2,000	\$15,100	\$68,912	\$84,012
NET INCOME			30,607	30,607
DISTRIBUTIONS			(45,182)	(45,182)
BALANCES, DECEMBER 31, 2007	2,000	\$15,100	\$54,337	\$69,437

(a) Authorized 2,000 shares, no par value.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Net income Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation	\$ 30,607 4,071
Gain on sale of property and equipment	(1,000)
Changes in assets and liabilities: Commissions receivable Other receivables Prepaid expenses Commissions payable Accounts payable Other liabilities	(35,666) 1,051 (2,312) 19,381 5,994 6,260
Total adjustments	(2,221)
Net cash provided by operating activities	28,386
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from sale of property and equipment Puchases of property and equipment	1,000 (4,540)
Net cash used in investing activities	(3,540)
CASH FLOWS USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES, Distributions to stockholders	(45,182)
NET DECREASE IN CASH	(20,336)
CASH, BEGINNING	48,594
CASH, ENDING	\$ 28,258

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Money Management Advisory, Inc. (the "Company") operates in the brokerage and investment advisory industry primarily in the Eastern United States and is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, the National Association of Securities Dealers and various states. The Company also sells life insurance policies and annuities to individuals primarily in the eastern United States.

USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment are recorded at cost. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets.

COMMISSIONS RECEIVABLE

Commissions receivable are reported at amounts management expects to collect on balances outstanding at year-end. Accounts are charged to bad debt expense when deemed uncollectible based upon periodic review of individual accounts. Commissions receivable are considered fully collectible by management and, accordingly, no allowance for doubtful accounts is considered necessary.

COMMISSION INCOME AND EXPENSES

Commission income and expenses on securities transactions are recorded on a trade date basis. Amounts receivable and payable for securities transactions that have not reached their contractual settlement date are recorded net on the statement of financial condition.

ADVERTISING

The Company expenses advertising costs as they are incurred. Advertising expense was \$17,886.

INCOME TAXES

The Company and its stockholders elected to be taxed as a small business corporation for federal and state income tax purposes. Accordingly, no provision has been recorded for federal and state income taxes as such liabilities are personal liabilities of the Company's stockholders.

2. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment consist of the following:

DESCRIPTION	LESS ACCUMULATED <u>COST DEPRECIATION NET</u>			
Building improvements Equipment Furniture and fixtures	\$17,546 19,364 <u>18,006</u>	\$14,889 17,682 <u>13,420</u>	\$ 2,657 1,682 _4,586	
Total	<u>\$54,916</u>	<u>\$45,991</u>	<u>\$8,925</u>	

3. COMMISSIONS RECEIVABLE

The Company utilizes the services of mutual fund companies to execute securities transactions for the Company's customers. The Company is paid commissions by the mutual fund companies for all transactions executed on behalf of the Company's customers. The Company has commissions' receivable from the mutual fund companies of \$72,439.

4. OPERATING LEASES

The Company has various lease agreements for office equipment, with terms from two to four years. Future minimum payments, by year and in the aggregate, under noncancelable operating leases with initial or remaining terms of one year or more consist of the following:

YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31:

2008	\$ 8,153
2009 2010	6,892 2,10 <u>4</u>
2010	2,104
Total minimum lease payments	<u>\$17,149</u>

Lease expense was \$8,945.

5. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company leases its office facilities from the majority stockholder. The lease expires on June 30, 2009. The minimum annual rentals are as follows:

YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31

2008	\$48,000
2009	<u>24,000</u>
Total	<u>\$72,000</u>

Rent can be increased based on the consumer price index at the discretion of the lessor. Rent expense was \$48,000 in 2007.

6. NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At December 31, 2007, the Company had net capital of \$9,128, which was \$4,128 in excess of its required net capital of \$5,000. The Company's net capital ratio was 6.574 to 1 at December 31, 2007.

7. Pension Plan

The Company sponsors a simplified employee pension plan covering substantially all of its employees. Participants are permitted, to make elective deferrals from 1% to 15% of their compensation. The Company, at its discretion, can contribute a percentage of the participant's salary. The Company did not contribute to the plan during 2007.

8. Exemptive Provisions Of Rule 15c3-3

The Company operates under the provision of paragraph (k)(2)(i) of Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission, and accordingly, is exempt from the remaining provisions of that rule.

9. Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to General Creditors

There were no changes in liabilities subordinated to general creditors for the year ended December 31, 2007.

10. Financial Instruments With Off-Balance Sheet Risk

In the normal course of business, the Company's customer and correspondent clearance activities involve the execution, settlement, and financing of various customer securities transactions. These activities may subject the Company to off-balance sheet risk in the event the customer or other broker is unable to fulfill its contractual obligation and the Company has to purchase or sell the financial instrument underlying the contract at a loss.

11. Concentrations of Credit Risk

The Company is engaged in various brokerage activities in which counterparties primarily include financial institutions. In the event counterparties do not fulfill their obligations, the Company may be subject to risk. The risk of default depends on the creditworthiness of the counterparty or issuer of the instrument.

The Company maintains substantially all of its cash balance with a local financial institution. The Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insures the cash balance to \$100,000.

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2007

NO OF BEGEINGER OT, 2007	
COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL	
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY QUALIFIED FOR NET CAPITAL	\$ 69,437
DEDUCTIONS AND/OR CHARGES: Nonallowable assets: Commissions receivable Other receivables Prepaid expenses Property and equipment Total nonallowable assets	33,440 4,258 13,686 8,925 60,309
NET CAPITAL	<u>\$ 9,128</u>
COMPUTATION OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS	
TOTAL AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS LIABILITIES: Commissions payable Accounts payable Other liabilities	\$ 34,051 15,041 10,918
TOTAL AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS	<u>\$ 60,010</u>
COMPUTATION OF BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS	
REGULATORY MINIMUM	\$ 5,000
CALCULATED MINIMUM BASED ON AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS	\$ 4,003
REQUIRED CAPITAL	\$ 5,000
NET CAPITAL IN EXCESS OF REQUIREMENT	\$ 4,128
RATIO OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS TO NET CAPITAL	6.574 to 1
RECONCILIATION WITH COMPANY'S COMPUTATION	
INCLUDED IN PART II OF FORM X-17A-5 AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2007: Net capital, as reported in Company's Part II (unaudited) FOCUS report Net audit adjustments	\$ 29,118 (19,990)
NET CAPITAL, PER ABOVE	\$ 9,128

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5 FOR A BROKER-DEALER CLAIMING AN EXEMPTION FROM SEC RULE 15c3-3

Stockholders of Money Management Advisory, Inc.:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of Money Management Advisory, Inc. (the "Company"), as of December 31, 2007, and for the year then ended, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A *material weakness* is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. However, we identified the following deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above. These conditions were considered in determining the nature, timing, and extent of the procedures performed in our audit of the financial statements of Money Management Advisory, Inc. as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007, and this report does not affect our report thereon dated February 25, 2008. These material weaknesses are that management is unable to prepare a complete set of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and that the adjusting journal entries proposed during our audit were more than inconsequential to the financial statements. There is no corrective action planned at this time because of the cost involved in hiring personnel who would be qualified to perform these tasks. We also identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be significant deficiencies, and communicated them in writing to management on February 25, 2008.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2007, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the SEC, and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Center Valley, Pennsylvania

Parente Kandolph, LLC

February 25, 2008